# **Guided Reading**

## networks

### **North and South**

**Lesson 2** People of the North

#### **ESSENTIAL QUESTION**

Why do people adapt to their environment?

### **Factories of the North**

Filling in the Blanks Refer to your textbook as you fill in the blanks with the words in the box.

discrimination illegal labor laws Macon B. Allen prejudice poor-quality strikes protection employees machines petitioned employers factories belts vote right Samuel Cornish trade unions women labor

(1)	took over more and more of the		
(2)	in the mid-1800s. Because of this,		
(3)	were able to produce more goods.		
Working conditions fo	r (4) became much		
worse. They had to w	ork longer hours. Many workers got		
hurt on the job becau	se they were tired. Also, the machines		
had moving (5)	with no shields for		
(6)	. The factories were hot in the summer		
and cold in the winter	: Children had to work under the same		
conditions because th	ere were no (7)		
<b>14</b> 1 1			
Workers began organi	izing into (8) to try		
to get factory owners	to make the working conditions better.		
They thought that the	ey would have more power in groups.		
They held (9)	to put pressure on their		
(10)	. In the early 1800s, it was		

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(11)	to strike. Finally, in	1842, the
government of Massach		
(12)	to strike.	
Although slavery was n	nostly gone in the No	orth African
Americans did not have	, -	•
racial (13)		
African Americans coul		
had to attend their owr		
However, there were so		
businessmen. (17)	co-fou	unded a newspaper
and (18)	became the firs	t licensed African
American lawyer.		
\\\	desiration Theorem	
Women also faced disc	•	•
male employees and co	ould not join unions.	In 1845 Sarah G.
Bagley founded an orga	anization for female l	laborers. They
(19)	for a 10-hour workd	ay. Because they
were (20)		

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### North and South

#### The Growth of Cities

**Answering Questions** As you read the section, answer the questions below.

- **1. Listing** List three factors that had a big impact on the growth of cities in the mid-1800s.
- **2. Naming** Name three Midwestern cities that grew as a result of being located on rivers.
- **3. Identifying** The largest number of immigrants to the United States came from which two countries?
- 4. **Describing** How did immigrants change American life?
- **5. Defining** What was a nativist?
- **6.** How did the Know-Nothing Party get its name?
- 7. Identifying Point of View What were two reasons that people gave for opposing immigration?